

18

EASTERN EUROPEAN INTELLIGENCER

24 January 1968

25X1

Yugoslavs Berate Bulgarians Over Macedonia

In an article on 14 January entitled "The Ghost of San Stefano; Revival of Old Pretensions," the Belgrade press has accused its Sofia counterparts of again putting forth Bulgarian claims to Yugoslav Macedonia. The Yugoslavs were objecting to an article in the Sofia "Rabotnicesko Delo" entitled "On the Occasion of the 90th Anniversary of the Liberation of Bulgaria," which discussed the Treaty of San Stefano.

25X1

COMMENT: The Macedonian issue between Yugoslavia and Bulgaria had been dormant lately, until this sudden affront to Belgrade's sensitivity. The San Stefano Treaty of 1878 not only made Bulgaria independent, but set up a large Bulgarian state which included most of Macedonia. It was superseded at the insistence of the great powers by the Treaty of Berlin later the same year, which established a small Bulgarian state. Ever since then, the San Stefano Treaty has been a rallying cry for Bulgarian nationalists and anathema to the Yugoslav regime, whose claim of a separate Macedonian nationality within the Yugoslav federation has never been fully acknowledged by Sofia.

25X1

GROUP I  
EXCLUDED FROM AUTOMATIC DOWN-  
GRADING AND DECLASSIFICATION

25X1

-2-

25X1

### Yugoslav Industrial Production Lags

Three relatively underdeveloped republics, Bosnia-Hercegovina, Serbia, and Montenegro, suffered declines in their industrial production in 1967, according to final Yugoslav statistics. However, production increased in the more advanced republics of Croatia, Slovenia, and the underdeveloped republic of Macedonia. Industrial production in Yugoslavia as a whole declined four tenths of one percent from 1966.

25X1  
25X1

COMMENT: The decline will reinforce the arguments of those in the underdeveloped areas who oppose the regime's liberal economic reforms, and heighten national economic rivalries in Yugoslavia. The three republics which increased their production are the same ones which cooperated in bringing about the ouster of former party secretary Aleksandar Rankovic, a Serb and head of the conservative faction in the party, who opposed the reforms.

### Rumanian Premier Received by the Pope

Premier Maurer and Foreign Minister Manescu were received in a private audience by Pope Paul VI on 24 January. The Rumanians had concluded an official visit to Rome on 23 January.

25X1  
25X1

25X1

-3-

COMMENT: This meeting, the first between a Pontiff and the Rumanian Communist leaders almost certainly is related to Bucharest's seeming effort to play the role of a mediator in the Vietnam war. In following President Johnson's lead of talking about a solution to Vietnam with the Pope, the Rumanians do not imperil their mediation role -- at least with Washington. At the same time, the meeting will bring additional popular attention to bear on resolving the crisis.

25X1

25X1